

Records Management – Storing and Movement of Records Policy

Policy Number	IG/Pol/013
Target Audience	All Bridgewater Staff within the Trust, including Agency, Locum, Bank Workers and Learners in Practice
Lead Executive Director	Caldicott Guardian
Recommending Committee/Group	DIGIT
Approving Committee	Corporate Clinical Policy Group
Ratifying Committee	Trust Board
Date First Ratified	November 2018
Last Full Review Date	January 2022
Next Full Review Date	January 2024
Policy Author	Information Governance and Records Manager
Version Number	2.0

Applicable	Data Protection Act 2018
Statutory, Legal or	NHS Digital (2021) Data Security and Protection Toolkit
National Best	NHS England (2014) National health visiting service
Practice	specification
Requirements	NHSx Records management code of practice for health and
_	social care
	Public Health England (2015) Output and information
	requirements specification
	NHS Digital (2021) Data Security and Protection Toolkit

The Trust is committed to an environment that promotes equality, embraces diversity, and respects human rights both within our workforce and in service delivery. This document should be implemented with due regard to this commitment.

This document can only be considered valid when viewed via the Trust's intranet. If this document is printed into hard copy or saved to another location, you must check that the version number on your copy matches that of the one online.

Version Control Sheet

Version	Date	Reviewed By	Comment
1.0	1/8/18 14/11/18	S. Ramsdale Policy Approval Group	First Draft Approved following minor typo changes
	Nov 2018 Nov2018	S. Ramsdale S. Arkwright	Amendments completed Approved by chair action
1.1	December 2019	S Ramsdale	Updated section 7.1 children's records, clarification on movements of records as per Task and finish group on transfer of children's records
1.2	January 2020	J. McKay	Minor amendments following comments from S. Arkwright
1.3	January 2020	S. Arkwright	Approved by chair action
1.4	December 2021	J McKay	Review
1.5	December 21	DIGIT	Signed-off
1.6	Dec 2021	M. Corkery	Comments made
1.7	January 2022	Corporate Clinical Policy Group	Approved subject to amendment to S. 4
1.8	January 2022	J. McKay	Amendments completed
1.9	January 2022	J. Hogan	Approved by chair action, submitted to Trust Board for ratification
2.0	3rd February 2022	Trust Board (e-governance)	Ratified – Policy Officer notified 28/02/2022

Equality Impact Assessment	Required?	Action Required
Does this policy impact/potentially impact on:	Yes	Contact the Trust's Equality & Inclusion Manager at:
Staff		Email: ruth.besford@nhs.net
• Patients		Date contacted: 15/21/21
Family Members		Complete details below:
• Carers	No	Name:
Communities		Email: Date:

Education & Professional Development Question

In order to ensure that any training requirements are discussed, and resources planned and allocated to meet the needs of the service, you must consider whether this document has additional training requirements. Please answer the following question by entering a cross in the box below:

	Yes	No
Does this document have any additional training requirements or implications?		х

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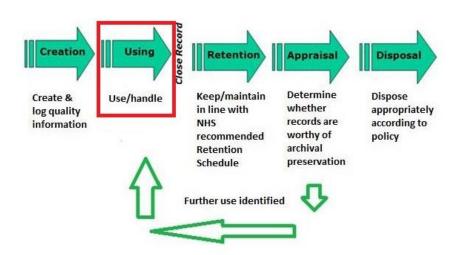
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1 Introduction

This policy applies to all records (corporate and health records) paper or electronic, that are held by Bridgewater Community Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust (hereafter the Trust). The aim of this policy is to ensure uniformity across the organisation, and to ensure that records management practice throughout the Trust complies with relevant legislation and national standards.

This policy sets out a framework for when a record has been created and is deemed "active" in "use" or being "handled" this includes storing and transferring the record. This can be seen diagrammatically in Figure 1. The figure is provided by the Information Governance Alliance which describes the record life cycle (IGA 2015)

Records/Information Lifecycle - Figure 1



The Trust's Health Records Policy and the Corporate Records Management Policy deals with the creation and standards of record keeping. The Records Management - Archiving, Retention and Disposal Policy details when a record is deemed closed and the record needs to be retained, and appraised before being disposed. Additional records management and information governance policies can be found in section 4.

This policy does not cover when a patient needs to be transferred or readmitted for additional care from our Trust to another care organisation. This is covered in the Transfer of Patients Policy this policy has specific documents to be completed when a patient meets this criterion.

1.1 Objective

To ensure staff responsible for implementing this policy, have a robust framework to enable them to develop Local Non-Clinical Standard Operating Procedures (LNCSOP's) within each of their service. Each service needs to evidence an audit trail for all records held.

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1.2 Scope

This policy is applicable to all personnel working, commissioned or acting on behalf of the Trust including Agency, Locum, Bank Workers and Learners in Practice. This policy sets a standard framework for those who have been delegated responsibility for records management within the Trust.

2 Definitions

The definitions applicable to this document are as follows:

Record	Any record held by the NHS as a public body organisation, regardless of the media on which they are held. This includes health records, records of staff, complaints, corporate records and any other records held in any format, such as message books including both paper and digital records. The guidelines also apply to Adult, Social Care records where these are integrated with NHS patient records (IG 2016)
Classification of record	All records, whether they are held, electronically or in paper form, must be classified as a minimum as the following: NHS Confidential NHS Protect NHS Public
Health Record	A health record has the classification of confidential. It consists of any information relating to the physical or mental condition of an individual and/or has been made by or on behalf of a health professional in connection with the care of that individual. Regardless of the format this can include: • Laboratory reports • X-ray and imaging reports • Photographs, slides etc. • Scanned information • Emails/Text messages/message books • Correspondence for example a referral letter • Monitoring equipment print outs • Diary entries in electronic or paper format. A health record can also be called, patient record, case notes or medical record.
Information Governance (IG)	A framework which allows organisations and individuals to ensure that personal and corporate information is dealt with legally, securely, efficiently and effectively, in order to deliver the best possible care. It brings together all of the requirements, standards and best practice that apply to the handling of information.

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Retention	Records which are held before destruction to support reasonable, foreseeable litigation, Public Inquiries, and ongoing Freedom of Information (FOI) request or similar exceptional statutory reasons, such as a public inquiry.
Personal Identifiable Data (PID)	Personal Identifiable Data (PID) is data that contains sufficient information to be able to identify the specific person to whom the data belongs (patient or staff) e.g., name, date of birth, address. This generally excludes publicly available contact lists, such as staff telephone directories.
Special Category Data	The UK GDPR singles out some types of personal data as likely to be more sensitive, and gives them extra protection: • personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin • personal data revealing political opinions
	 personal data revealing religious or philosophical beliefs personal data revealing trade union membership genetic data biometric data (where used for identification purposes) data concerning health data concerning a person's sex life; and data concerning a person's sexual orientation.
	In this guidance we refer to this as 'special category data'.
Caldicott Guardian	A Caldicott Guardian is a senior person responsible for protecting the confidentiality of people's health and care information and making sure it is used properly. All NHS organisations and local authorities which provide health and or social services must have a Caldicott Guardian.
Caldicott Principles	The Caldicott Principles are primarily intended to guide organisations and their staff when sharing patients, service users and/or their representatives' personal information. Good information sharing is essential for providing safe and effective care.
Information Asset Owner	Responsibilities of an IAO in managing the risks to personal information and business critical information held within a department. This includes approving, monitoring, and minimising data transfers.
Incident reporting	An event or circumstance occurring in an NHS funded service that could have resulted, or did result in:
	Unnecessary damage or loss to trust assets or reputation
	2. Interruption to service delivery or trust objectives3. Harm to patient, staff, visitors or members of the public.

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Tracer Card	A tracer card is used to temporarily replace a paper record when it is removed from a filing system. The tracer card will contain the necessary details to locate the record should it not be returned.
Tracking and Tracing Log	A log which includes sufficient information including the date when the record was removed, by whom and reasons why. The log would then include when the record was returned.
Data Security and Protection toolkit (DSPT)	This is an online self-assessment tool that allows organisations to measure their performance against the National Data Guardian's 10 data security standards.

3 Abbreviations

The abbreviations applicable to this document are as follows:

NHS National Health Service

LNCSOP Local Non-Clinical Standard Operating Procedures

EPR Electronic Patient Record

PID Personal Identifiable Data

IG Information Governance

IT Information Technology

HR Human Resources

CQC Care Quality Commission

LAC Looked after Child

RA Registration Authority

IAO Information Asset Owner

DSPT Data Security and Protection Toolkit

4 Other Local Relevant Procedural Documents

This document should be read in conjunction with the following documents:

Health Records Policy

Corporate Records (including Document Management) Policy

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Information Governance Framework Policy

Information Asset & System Audit Policy

Subject Access/Access to Health Records Policy

Data Protection and Confidentiality Policy

Acceptable Use (IT) Policy

Records Management, Archiving, Retention and Disposal Policy

Policy and Procedure for the Development and Review of Policy and Procedural Documents

Risk Management Framework

Incident Reporting Policy

Information Security Policy

Mandatory Training and Induction Policy

Looked After Children Policy

Transfer of Patients Policy

Transfer of Infants from Family Nurse Partnership Procedure

Transition for Children to Adults Services Policy in Halton and Warrington

Mobile Computing Policy

Patient Identification Policy

Disciplinary Policy and Procedure

5 Roles and Responsibilities

5.1 Chief Executive

The Chief Executive (Accountable Officer) has ultimate responsibility for the implementation of the provisions of this policy.

The Accountable Officer is responsible for the management of the organisation and for ensuring that appropriate mechanisms are in place to support service delivery and continuity.

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The Trust has a particular responsibility for ensuring that it corporately meets its legal responsibilities, and for the adoption of and compliance with internal and external governance requirements.

5.2 Chief Nurse and Deputy CEO/Caldicott Guardian

The Chief Nurse is the Trust Caldicott Guardian and is responsible for the confidentiality of person identifiable information as designated in the Caldicott Report and for the Information Governance agenda which incorporates Data Protection legislation, ensuring patient identifiable information is shared in an appropriate and secure manner according to the <u>eight Caldicott Principles</u>.

5.3 Data Protection Officer

The Data Protection Officer (DPO) is currently the Trust Secretary.

The DPO has responsibility to ensure that the company or organisation is correctly protecting individuals' personal data according to current legislation.

The DPO must have expert knowledge of data protection law and practices and the ability to acquire detailed understanding of the organisation's business, the purposes for which it processes, or intends to process personal data.

5.4 Information Governance and Records Manager

The Information Governance and Records Manager is responsible for:

- Ensuring the Trust is working within the legal frameworks in relation to handling information, specifically focusing on Data Protection.
- Ensuring this policy is implemented
- Ensuring the records management system and robust data quality processes are developed, co-ordinated and monitored
- Advising staff on records management issues.

5.5 Borough Directors and Assistant Directors of Operations

Borough Directors and Assistant Directors of Operations will be accountable for ensuring that all corporate policies, procedures and guidelines are fully implemented and approved within their directorate. This includes the responsibility for health records management outlined in the policy, making them the accountable record managers.

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5.6 Heads of Service/Managers/Team Leaders

Heads of Service/Managers/Team Leaders are responsible for ensuring this policy is implemented across their area of their managerial responsibility and ensure that:

- Their staff are aware of and comply with this policy
- There is a service local-non clinical standard operating procedure (LNCSOP) to support this policy
- A designated person is appointed for each location to ensure archiving is managed appropriately
- Staff are aware of the location of policies, procedures and guidelines on the Trust intranet site and that this information is given to all new staff on induction.

5.7 Staff

All staff has a duty to read and work within agreed policies, procedures and guidelines and to ensure that they keep themselves up to date with all procedural documentation. Staff must also ensure they are:

- Aware of the location of procedural documents and how to access them on the Trust intranet site
- Compliant with their mandatory annual Data Security Awareness Level 1 training.

5.8 Digital, Information Governance and Information Technology

The Digital Information Governance and Information Technology Group (DIGIT) ensures the Trust operates within the Information Governance framework and monitors compliance with this policy regarding corporate records.

6 Equipment List

Not applicable.

7 Record Management

The management requirement of a record is governed by its classification.

The classification of a record is based on why the record is being created and for what purpose it will serve. A health or staff record for example is classified as confidential as they can contain both special category and personal information.

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The standards for the creation, classification and naming of a record can be found in the Corporate Management Policy; additional standards relating to a health record can be found in the Health Records Policy.

A service may have various record types each classified differently, with each being created and accessed differently. A record that is deemed confidential or private is to have stringent security controls this includes storing, handling (moving record from place to place within the Trust) and includes when a record needs to be transferred out of the Trust.

A record, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information must be kept secure and handled with extreme care when it is being transported.

This policy mainly covers when a record has been classified as confidential or private and therefore needs to be controlled, but its good practice to adopt the control measures for other records management outside of this remit. An example of this is when record that is classified as Public; this document should be controlled whilst being developed, but once made Public, this will not need to be controlled.

Once a record is created it needs to be managed through its life cycle. An audit trail for who has accessed, amended the record, any movement of the record needs to be tracked to enable the record to be traced and as up to date at any point.

Records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information must be stored in a secure location when not in use. This location needs to be secure with proper environmental controls and adequate protection against fire and flood. The Caldicott Principles apply and need to be followed i.e., a record is only to be seen by those who need to see it.

The movement and location of records must be controlled to ensure that records can be retrieved at any time, and there is an auditable trail of record transactions. All records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information removed or borrowed from their store must be immediately and accurately tracked.

Should a record, file, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information be identified as missing or lost, services need to define within their LNCSOP what requirements/efforts have been made before a record is deemed missing/lost, and an incident is to be raised and an investigation commenced. The outcome of the investigation and any lessons learned should be shared.

8 Children's Records

Tracking and tracing of records in an out of the organisations is to be maintained and recorded, this can be done on the EPR system. Records are only transferred when it is confirmed the child resides within that area.

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All preschool (aged 5 and under) and safeguarding records are to be transferred as complete as possible, i.e., EPR and historical record (if one exists). It is acceptable to send the EPR record via email stating the historical record will follow.

School children records (5 to 16) of universal children, are to be sent in electronic format only, if there is a historical record on site, this should be sent. Where there is a historical record in storage, this should be stated on the transfer information, but is only to be sent on request i.e., pulled out of storage.

Furthermore, when a child changes high school or district (when aged less than 16) a record or copy must also be transferred but only when the receiving authority has confirmed that the child is resident there. Failure to carry this out properly will mean many misplaced records will reside with the wrong child health or school nursing service. Those children who have left high school i.e., those in Year 11 records do not need to be transferred, unless specifically requested from the further education establishment.

It is the practitioner's responsibility to ensure the receiving practitioner has sufficient information to deliver the care. All records that are requested for a transfer out, including safeguarding and LAC teams need to have the relevant electronic form completed by the responsible clinician.

To reduce the amount printing costs and storage of paper records, as of the 1st February 2020, the Trust will only accept records (movements in) of universal children in an electronic format.

Paper records that are received from a different organisation have to accepted and managed (NHSx 2021)

When a child moves to a different borough within the Trust, staff should limit the movement and the printing of the records. All movements of records (including copies) need be tracked and traced (see section 10 below).

9 Storage of Records

Paper records, files, notes or other correspondence containing person identifiable information need to be locked away in lockable filing cabinets/cupboards, with limited or monitored access i.e., via key fob. Rooms/buildings must be locked and/or alarmed when out of normal working hours.

Electronic records need to be stored on information security controlled servers details (see Information Security Policy); Staff must not save records on their personal drive, as some information may need to be accessed by other nominated team members in their absence.

Where a child's record is stored on a school premises, access must be restricted to the health staff delivering care unless there is another lawful basis to access the record and a risk assessment completed.

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Staff must not use their own personal mobile electronic devices to store personal identifiable information.

Staff who use electronic Trust devices to record or store records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information, must follow the Mobile Computing Policy.

10 Tracking and Tracing of Records

The tracking and tracing of records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information is the responsibility of all staff involved in the handling of these records.

Records need to be monitored to ensure they are available for continuity of care. All records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information removed/borrowed from their store must be immediately tracked using a tracer system. This includes those service that use a combination of electronic and paper records.

A risk assessment of record management processes should be reviewed as a minimum yearly or when a change of practice has occurred.

There are different types of tracer systems that should be adopted (examples below). The tracking system is to include the following details as a minimum:

- Unique identifier (NHS number etc.)
- Name of patient/staff record identifier
- ➤ The destination e.g., contact details of the person, unit, service or department to whom the record is being sent
- Date sent
- Sign and date the tracer card.

Here are three examples of tracer systems that could be adopted for your SOP to be developed:

1. Use of Tracer Card System

- Locate the health record which is required
- Insert a tracer card in place of the health record which is being removed
- Include the minimum details above
- Once the record is returned the tracer system is updated.

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2. Use of Register

For those services that are not able to use tracer cards they must operate and maintain a register by using a book, diary, Excel spreadsheet or database saved on secure server or index card to record transfers:

- Locate the record which is required
- Record entry in register
- Include the minimum details above
- Once the record is returned the tracer system is updated.

3. Electronic Tracking System

Where a shared electronic tracking system is operated as part of an information system:

- Locate the record which is required
- Request the record by selecting your organisation and service point that requires the record
- Dispatch the requested record to the requested location
- Receiver of record to entry on electronic system which will automatically update current location and service point.

11 Physical Transportation of Records

Transfers or transportation of more than 50 health records must be preauthorised by the Caldicott Guardian as this constitutes a 'bulk transfer'. This only applies outside of the archiving process (to an offsite storage company) for example, when a service moves premises. Staff need to seek advice from the Information Governance Team for details.

Once staff have tracked the record or any data or records containing business or person identifiable information, it is imperative they are transported securely.

Records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information must be transferred using appropriate trolleys, sealed box, sealed envelope, zipped pouch or locked cases/carriers and never be deposited and left unattended in areas that are not secure e.g., entrances, corridors, stairways or in vehicles where the package is visible, or the vehicle unlocked.

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- During working hours any records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information must be stored in a locked carrier locked in the van or car boot.
- When visiting a patient or staff member in the community only the relevant paper work should be removed from the vehicle. All other paper work must remain in a locked carrier and locked and out of sight in the boot.
- Outside working hours, the best practice is to return, files, notes or other correspondence in paper form at the end of the day to the base location. However, it is recognised that this is not always practical. If data or records cannot be returned they should be taken into the staff member's home in a locked carrier and stored safely and securely preventing inappropriate access to the files.
- Paper records must not be taken into a public place such as a shop or café. This does not apply to your electronic device.
- If staff require to take paper records, files, notes or other correspondence containing business or person identifiable information outside their base location in order to perform their duties, this should be subject to a risk assessment and approval by the appropriate line manager to ensuring Data Protection, Caldicott, and Trust policies are followed.
- Paper records or IT equipment must never be left in a car overnight.

12 Consultation

Key individuals/groups involved in the development of the document to ensure it is fit for purpose once approved.

Name	Designation
Mary Corkery	Policy Officer
Ruth Besford	Equality and Inclusion Manager
DIGIT	Comments made by the Information Governance and Records Manager
Rebecca Reynolds	Team Leader, Right Start and School Nursing, Oldham
Corporate Clinical Policy Group	
Trust Board e-governance	

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13 Dissemination and Implementation

13.1 Dissemination

This policy will be disseminated via the Information Governance and Records Manager to Borough Directors and Assistant Directors of Operations for disseminating to staff. The policy will be made available on the intranet and published in the team brief, information governance newsletter and the records management bespoke intranet page.

13.2 Implementation

All Trust staff will be made aware of their personal and organisational responsibilities regarding handling of NHS confidential records, through the Trust training program, and local induction and monitoring audits.

New employees will be made aware of this policy through the local Induction process.

14 Process for Monitoring Compliance and Effectiveness

Process for reviewing compliance and effectiveness i.e., audit, review, survey, incident reporting	Responsible	Frequency of monitoring	Assurance Group
Data Security and Protection Toolkit submission (DSPT)	SIRO	Annual	DIGIT

As requirements contained in this policy form one part of regulative requirements, for example Care Quality Commission (CQC) and professional bodies, failure to comply will be seen as an incident and upon investigation may lead to disciplinary and/or legal action in line with Human Resources (HR) policies and procedures by the Trust.

15 Standards/Key Performance Indicators

Key performance indicator	Evidence required	Frequency	Committee/ person responsible
Monitoring of incidents or issues raised relating to aspects in this policy	Report	Quarterly	IG

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16 References

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